

ASSAM LEGISLATIVE  
SECRETARI

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ASSAM  
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY  
DEBATES

## OFFICIAL REPORT

FIRST SESSION OF THE ASSAM LEGISLATIVE  
ASSEMBLY ASSEMBLED AFTER THE EIGHTH  
GENERAL ELECTIONS UNDER SOVEREIGN  
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN  
CONSTITUTION  
OF INDIA

## JANUARY SESSION

**VOL. I**

NO. 2 →

10th January, 1986 ✓



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DEBATES OF THE ASSAM LEGISLATIVE  
ASSEMBLY, 1986

(January Session)

Volume I

No. 2

Dated, the 10th January, 1986

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Proceedings of the First Session of the Assam  
Legislative Assembly assembled after the  
Eighth General Election under  
Sovereign Democratic  
Republican Constitution  
of India.

The House met in the Assembly Chamber, Dispur,  
Gauhati on Friday the 10th January, 1986  
with the Hon'ble Speaker in the Chair,  
13 (Thirteen) Ministers, 6 (Six) Ministers  
of State, and 99 (ninety-nine)  
Members present.

মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষ :- উপস্থিত মাননীয় সদস্য সকল, ৰাজ্যপালে আজি সদনত জায়গ দিব।  
তেখেতে আজি ৰাতিপুৱা ৯ বাজি ৫ মিনিটত বিধান সভা ভৱনৰ পূৰ্ব পদূলীৰে আহিব। মই আৰু  
সচিব তেখেতক পদূলিত আদৰিবলৈ যাম। ৰাজ্যপালক কেনেধৰণে আদৰি অনা হব ইয়াৰ কাৰ্য  
পদ্ধতি প্ৰতিজন সদস্যৰ মেজত ৰখা হৈছে। মই ভাবো, ৰাজ্যপাল অহাৰ লগে লগে আমি এই কাৰ্য-  
পদ্ধতিবোৰ পালন কৰিম। ইতিমধ্যে সদস্য সকলৰ মাজত ভাষণৰ প্ৰতিৰূপিত বিতৰণ কৰা হৈছে।

এতিয়া আপোনালোকৰ অনুমতি সাপেক্ষে, মই ৰাজ্যপালক পদূলিত আদৰিবলৈ সদন ত্যাগ  
কৰিলো।

(তাৰ পিচত ৰাজ্যপাল মহোদয়ে সদনত প্ৰবেশ কৰে)

এতিয়া মই ৰাজ্যপাল গৰাকীক সদনত ভাষণ দিবলৈ অনুৰোধ কৰিলো।

**Shri Bhisma Narayan Singh ( Governor of  
Assam ) :-**

**Mr. Speaker and Honourable Members,**

It indeed gives me great pleasure to address  
the first session of the newly constituted Legisla-  
tive Assembly of the State.

After the elections, a new Ministry under  
the leadership of Shri Prafulla Kumar Mahanta  
has assumed power. I offer my congratulations to  
the newly elected members and wish all success  
to the Chief Minister and his colleagues in their  
efforts for the development of the State.

The statesmanship and farsightedness  
of our Prime Minister Shri Rajiv Gandhi  
led to the signing of the Accord. Immense  
hopes and aspirations have been generated  
in the minds of the public consequent  
to the election and constitution of the newly  
elected Legislative Assembly. We look forward to  
an era of peace, harmony and development in  
which not only will there be a balanced economic  
development benefiting all sections of the society  
but also the preservation of the rich cultural  
heritage of this State, with its glorious traditions.

We look forward to a state in which all sections of the people will live without fear or apprehension and in which there will be no discrimination or harassment to any Indian citizen on grounds of race, language or community. Government will take effective steps to reduce unemployment and to restore democratic processes at all levels. Great responsibility has been conferred by the people on the members of this august House and I am sure with your dedication, sincerity and sense of justice, Assam can look forward to a renewed phase of development and peace. This Government is committed to the implementation of the Accord and the permanent solution of the foreign nationals issue. State Government will co-operate with the Government of India in our efforts for the development of the State and reaffirm our commitment for maintaining peace, harmony, national integrity and development of the country. We also recognise their financial and technical assistance for development of the State. We take this opportunity of expressing our gratitude to the North Eastern Council which has extended help for the various projects.

### **Law and Order**

The law and order situation remained well under control despite various pressures and forces causing tension. During the recent elections people turned out in large numbers and peacefully exercised their franchise. I am happy to say that the elections were conducted in a peaceful and orderly manner. It is gratifying to note that the State was also free from communal trouble during this period. Strict vigilance has been maintained on the law and order situation to ensure peace and amity among all sections of society and in all areas.

### **Implementation of Assam Accord**

The signing of the Memorandum of Settlement on 15th August, 1985 at New Delhi has heralded a new and significant chapter in the history of

Assam. After the protracted years of agitation, the leaders of the All Assam Students Union and the All Assam Gana Sangram Parishad, the Government of India and the Government of Assam signed this historic Accord to resolve the foreign nationals issue and usher in an era of peace and prosperity for the people of Assam. The Government is committed to the speedy implementation of the Accord.

In pursuance of the Assam Accord, State Government have taken the decision to treat the period of unauthorised absence of the employees as on duty with full pay and allowances. It has further been decided to reinstate all persons placed under suspension, to review all cases where disciplinary proceedings have already been completed and penalty imposed, and to expedite disposal of all pending proceedings. All State Government Public Sector Undertakings, Corporations, Companies and bodies like Mahkuma Parishads, Municipalities/Town Committees etc., have also been advised to take similar action in respect of their employees. A review of cases against persons charged with criminal offences has also been undertaken.

### **Measures to Control Illegal Migration**

The procedures relating to identification of illegal migrants, and processing of cases are under review with a view to make them effective. Steps will be taken by the Government for sealing the border effectively.

### **Relation with Neighbouring States and Union Territories**

It is the endeavour of the Government to maintain most cordial relations with the neighbouring States. State Government trusts that the unfortunate incident at Merapani on Assam-Nagaland Border in the first week of June, 1985, involving loss of human lives and properties was an isolated one and all the differences in this regard will be sorted out amicably.

### **Police Administration**

Government gives high priority to modernisation of police force and also to providing basic facilities for the force. The emphasis will be on development of professional competence with just and human behaviour to all.

### **Jail Reforms**

The Government is very keen to modernise the Jail system and to reform and rehabilitate the prisoners.

### **Publicity**

Effective and co-ordinated use of all forms of media will be planned to carry the message of development to the remotest village and also to project Assam in correct perspective outside the State. Significant among the steps proposed is the setting up of community viewing T.V. sets and information centres in selected clusters of villages.

### **Vigilance**

The Government is committed to providing a clean and efficient administration. Towards this end, the work of different agencies dealing with vigilance will be streamlined and the Directorate of Vigilance and Anti Corruption will be strengthened. The Government will not tolerate any corrupt practice from any quarter.

### **Election**

The simultaneous election to the Legislative Assembly as well as Lok Sabha was held on 16th December 1985. It is gratifying to note that the entire electoral process leading to the issue of due constitution notification on 23rd December 1985 passed off peacefully without any untoward incident. It has further strengthened the democratic system in our country.

### **Economic Development and Planning**

Action has been initiated for all round economic development of Assam as per the Assam Accord. Emphasis has been placed on the programmes under agriculture and rural development with attention focussed on poverty alleviation, development of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes and other weaker sections of the society. The programmes which are likely to ensure increased production and productivity have been given priority. Completion of on-going schemes so as to ensure early delivery of services will receive immediate attention. Monitoring and concurrent evaluation of plan schemes needs to be improved so that corrective measures are taken as the implementation progresses. The outlay for the Annual Plan (1986-87) will be finalised after discussion with the Planning Commission.

### **Welfare of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes**

The delivery of services to the target groups of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Other Backward Classes and other socially or economically weaker sections needs to be strengthened. Suitable measures will be taken to improve the functioning of the field machinery as well as ensure co-ordination with all executive departments to ensure that the services reach the beneficiaries. Government will ensure that the development programmes reach fully the tea garden and ex-tea garden tribes.

### **Development of Hill Areas**

The Government will pay special attention to the development of the Hill areas. More emphasis will be given on the implementation of the schemes which will encourage the change from the traditional shifting cultivation to the modes of settled cultivation and living. Schemes for protection of ecology and environment in an integrated manner with socio-economic development schemes will be undertaken.

### **Development of Char & Backward Areas**

The Government intends to pursue vigorously the integrated development of the Char Areas. A socio-economic as well as revenue survey of the Char Areas will be taken up. Development of other backward areas will also be undertaken in an integrated manner.

### **Strengthening of District Administration**

The Districts and Subdivisions created over two years ago need provision of basic amenities and facilities. The provision of health, water supply and communication facilities together with construction of offices and residential quarters for the administrative staff will receive urgent attention.

Efficiency in administration is vital for reaching the benefits to the people. The Government plans to modernise office management and equipment and take effective steps for redressal of grievances and systematic disposal of work in the offices. The administration must be meaningful to the people.

### **Administrative Reforms and Training**

Training at all levels with emphasis on development of professional expertise is essential for toning up of administration. Training programmes will be organised at all levels and training institutions will be strengthened, extended and modernised. Refresher and in-service training programmes will receive priority. Greater use of manuals and handbooks and other aids for administration will be made. It is also proposed to set up a number of pre-examination training centres. Strict norms will be observed in appointments to Government posts.

### **Law, Judiciary & Legal Affairs**

It has become necessary to bring the administration of justice closer to the people. With this end in view, simplification of the system and procedures would be examined. The legal Aid



Camps as a measure for disposal of simple cases near the place of occurrence would be considered.

Steps will be taken to revamp the functioning of the judiciary in order to ensure quick disposal of the cases pending in all Courts of law.

### **Agricultural Development**

The priority area will be on increasing production and productivity of rice as a special programme. Measures will be taken to increase fertilizer consumption, increase use of improved varieties, extend improved agronomic practices and ensure effective flow of agricultural credit. Other high priority areas conforming to Seventh Five Year Plan will be to expand oilseed and pulse production with a strategy of planning and implementation of increased production of commercial cash crops and development of post-harvest technology across the entire range of agricultural and related fields. Areas under non-traditional crops like Soyabean and summer Moong will be extended.

Non-availability of certified seed in time as well as inadequate quantity is one of the weaknesses in agricultural development programme. The certification work will be strengthened. Growth of seed production industry will be encouraged and crop insurance scheme will be implemented.

With a view to improving the system of agriculture in the State, training Centres will be strengthened and extended.

### **Irrigation**

Inspite of much emphasis on Irrigation in the development plans, the area under Irrigation in the State is less than one fifth of the total cultivated area and is much below the national average. Even in the irrigated areas, the producti-

vity has not shown much improvement and the command area development has lagged behind. The investment in irrigation has to be related to increase in productivity.

Measure will be taken to improve the effectiveness of the irrigation schemes already completed and greater emphasis will be given on completion of on-going irrigation schemes within the control and command of individual farmers which can provide irrigation within a short period.

### **Animal Husbandry**

Animal Husbandry and Veterinary, though an integral part of rural economy, have not received adequate attention. The production of crossbred animals and birds, introduction of improved breeds, health cover and husbandry measures are required to be taken as an integrated package of services along with agriculture and fishery in the rural area.

It is proposed to improve the programme based on the experience of training and visit system under agriculture.

### **Rural Development**

The All India Programmes for alleviation of rural poverty viz., Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP), National Rural Employment Programme (NREP) and Rural Landless Employment Guarantee Programme (RLEGP) will be implemented vigorously. Our field experience indicates that the benefits have not percolated down to the target groups adequately. Extension of further assistance to those who have not crossed the poverty line, despite earlier assistance will be one of the immediate tasks.

## Urban Development

Urban Development has assumed importance with growing trend of urbanisation. Importance is attached to urban planning and development with provision of integrated services of water-supply, lighting, roads, drainage and sewage. Municipal administration will be revamped.

## Co-operation

The design and administration of programmes in the co-operative sector designed to aid and assist different sections of the society on a group basis need to be improved. The credit flow to these institutions has been closed due to non-repayment of loans. A critical appraisal of the functioning of major co-operative institutions viz., Assam State Co-operative Marketing and Consumers Federation (STATFED), State Co-operative Apex Bank and the Central Co-operative Land Mortgage Bank will also be undertaken.

The only Jute Mill in the State at Silghat which was set up in the co-operative sector has been re-activised and it has started functioning in a phased manner from 1st January, 1986. The starting of operation by the jute mill will provide employment to workers who were thrown out of job due to the closure of the mill and will also provide a ready market for the local jute growers.

## Supply of Essential Commodities

The Public Distribution System is vital for providing essential commodities to the rural areas at reasonable rates. Its functioning and linkages with other institutions will be reviewed. Steps will be taken to check artificial scarcity and adulteration of essential commodities.

## Fishery

For increasing the availability of fish in the State, fish seed production and techniques of fish catching and marketing will receive greater

emphasis with greater involvement of the people through training, technical guidance and provision of inputs.

### P. W. D.

By the end of the financial year, the total road length in the State will be about 28,000 Km. The State with its average of 35 Km. will still be far behind the all India average of 50 Km. for every 100 sq. Km. of area. About half the number of villages are still not covered by a road link and it would be our endeavour to improve the road links in a planned manner. Priority will be given to bridging the missing gaps and missing links on the roads. Provisions will also be made for strengthening and improving some of the existing roads and bridges. In order to avoid congestion in major towns, construction of flyovers and provision of bypass for National Highways will be considered.

Measures will be taken for effecting economy in construction as well as for improvements in the specifications and designs keeping in view the latest technology, safety and environmental requirements.

### Transport

It will be our objective to review the transport system as a whole and administer more efficiently the existing fleet of vehicles and also to create additional facilities in the backward and remote areas. The Inland Water Transport can play a greater role in enhancing the communication system in the State by improving its administrative efficiency, and linkage with other inland water systems and modernising the fleet.

### Flood Control

The programmes in flood control have been prepared with emphasis on control measures at the site. The emphasis will be on the flood con-

trol measures with an integrated policy of engineering as well as vegetative measures. Integrated schemes will be evolved for generation of hydel power with flood control measures.

### **Education**

The literacy rate continues to be low with two out of three persons still illiterate. Government will pursue vigorously the national policy of universalisation of elementary education and will lay emphasis on primary and adult education specially in the rural and tea garden areas. Government will also take up a large programme for manpower development in the State specially in science and technology. It will be our endeavour to indentify and develop excellence at all levels and in all fields. Autonomy of higher institutions will be preserved and protected. Vocational education will be strengthened.

Government will encourage opening of new subjects in the Universities of the State to fulfil the special needs of the region and also to prepare the youth with administrative, managerial and technical skills. Government has already proceeded in the matter of selection of sites for the proposed Central University and the Indian Institute of Technology. We are also examining matters relating to setting up of a University in the Barak Valley.

### **Sports, Culture and Youth**

We shall strive to develop excellence in music, dance, drama and performing arts. Sports activities will be developed in the rural areas and expanded in the urban areas with setting up of stadia, intensive training corps and festivals and competitions.

We plan to set up in a phased manner integrated information and activity centres within walking distance of a village to provide a centre for information, art and culture, sports and youth activities.

**Science, Technology & Environment**

The preservation and restoration of environment should be a part of development and will receive attention. The development of non-conventional sources of energy will include the schemes of micro turbines, bio-gas plants, solar energy devices, bio-fertilisers and harnessing of wind energy. A Regional Science Centre through National Council of Science Museum as well as a computer centre will also be set up. Research and development in this field will be promoted.

**Industry**

The small scale industries have a prominent role to play for generating employment and developing the economy. Programmes will be undertaken to promote these industries, specially agrobased and local raw material based industries to provide employment to educated unemployed people. The Government is keen to expedite development of the BRPL down stream industries. The Government are also working out the feasibility of establishing a petro-chemical complex based on flared-up natural gas in Upper Assam. Steps have been taken to commission the three spinning mills at Bijni, Tihu and Jagiroad during the year. We also extend our assurance to create a healthy industrial climate to attract major and medium industry and provide employment to the local youth. A shelf of industries with detailed project reports with relevance to Assam will be developed. Electronic and other ancillary industries will also be promoted. Steps will be taken to make the industries free of environmental pollution.

The State Government has already taken active steps to revive Ashok Paper Mills Ltd. as early as possible. The Government are examining the possibility of reviving other sick units as well.

### Khadi and Village Industries

Khadi and Village Industries will also be encouraged for upliftment of the rural economy and employment generation. Science and Technology in this field will be strengthened.

### Handloom & Textiles

The State has about 7 lakh looms which provide employment to 8 lakhs people. In order to increase the production as well as to improve the economic condition of the weavers, steps will be taken to extend infrastructural and financial support. Steps will also be taken for setting up a net work of looms in the Co-operative and State Sector.

### Sericulture

Sericulture, a major agro-based cottage industry, provides employment to about 1 lakh of rural families. During the year, efforts will be made to provide disease free silkworm seed, increase production of raw silk in particular Muga silk and improve self employment opportunities in this field.

### Labour & Employment

Greater emphasis is laid on self-employment and intensive measures to promote and develop it will be taken. Government will pay equal attention to unorganised sector. Schemes to create awareness in the workers about their rights and duties will be supported. The functioning of the Employment Exchanges will be reviewed.

### Health and Family Welfare

We rededicate ourselves to "Health for all" by 2000 A.D.. The Government will initiate steps to provide free medical aid to all. An integrated approach to health and family welfare is essential to reduce infant mortality and promote family planning. This is aimed to be achieved

by developing health services in an integrated manner from village upward, with emphasis on preventive measures coupled with environmental hygiene. Universal immunisation programme will receive high priority.

### **Development of Women and Children**

This Government will take up various scheme necessary for the socio-economic development of the women and children as well as the physically handicapped persons. Various schemes like socio-economic training, nutrition programme, women welfare, welfare of children and the various ICDS projects will be re-vitalised and expanded so as to ensure that there is wider coverage and efficient implementation.

### **Water Supply**

Safe drinking water supply covers at present not more than half the population. It is one of our highest priority schemes to provide safe drinking water supply to the whole population. Even of the areas stated to have been covered by safe water supply, a review will be made to ensure that the supply is adequate and safe. The maintenance of existing water supply scheme will receive greater attention.

### **Revenue**

In accordance with the Assam Accord, the preservation of tribal belts and blocks and removal of encroachments on them will be of high priority. The restriction on transfer of agricultural lands for non-agricultural purposes will be enforced. Anomalies in land policy will be looked into. The re-settlement of landless agriculturists, ex-tea garden labourers and flood affected people will be followed up.

### **Forest**

The Government is shocked at largescale illegal felling of trees from the reserve forests. Vigorous measures to restore and extend the



forest areas will be undertaken. Habitats of various endangered species like the one Horned Asian Rhinos, Pigmy Hogs, Hispid Hare, Golden Langur, the White Winged Wood Ducks etc. which are unique in the world, will be protected. Compensation will be given to people affected by wild life. Social Forestry programme will be revamped with a view to meet the needs of the local population to provide vegetative cover or to landscape the areas.

### **Soil Conservation**

A Soil Conservation programme will succeed only if undertaken as a part of removal of factors which lead to soil erosion. Therefore, an integrated package of services including agriculture, horticulture, plantation, forestry, animal husbandry, rural industries, irrigation, social services etc. will be encouraged for catchment areas, waste lands, river banks etc. and the jhum lands.

### **Power**

The per capita consumption of electricity for the State is only 45 Kwh units now which is low compared to the national average of 145 Kwh. The installed capacity at the end of the financial year will be about 400 MW and effective steps would be taken to improve the operational efficiency of the power projects to ensure capacity utilisation. Renovation and modernisation of the older projects will be given high priority. Effective steps will be taken for timely execution of all on-going projects and steps will be taken to cover all the unelectrified villages of the State in a phased manner. To meet the requirement of the present and future industries and irrigation and other needs, viable power projects specially based on gas utilisation will be taken up.

### **Mines & Minerals**

Our present exploration efforts are being intensified to determine more and more useful minerals like lime stone, china clay, quartz etc., so as to utilise them commercially.

### Tourism

It will be our endeavour to bring a creative and imaginative approach to development of tourism. The facilities will be developed keeping in view local culture, talent and scenic and natural resources.

### General

The attention of the House has been focused on some of the policies which indicate the direction the Government will take for the development of the State. We are sure that through a vigorous and efficient implementation of these policies we shall be able to bring about the overall socio-economic development of the State, benefiting all sections of the society. The deliberations during this session will benefit the Government in properly planning and effectively taking steps to accelerate the pace of development in different spheres of life.

I convey my best wishes for your success in the challenging tasks ahead.

মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষ :- এতিয়া অসম বিধান সভাৰ প্ৰক্ৰিয়া আৰু কাৰ্যপৰিচালনাৰ নিয়মাৱলীৰ ১৩ নং নিয়মৰ ২ নং উপ আচনিৰ অধীনত মই ইয়াৰ দ্বাৰা জনাও যে ৰাজ্যপালে তেওঁৰ ভাষণ দিবৰ কাৰণে অননুমতি দিছে আৰু ভাষণৰ প্ৰতিনিধি বিধান সভাৰ মজিয়াত বখা হৈছে আৰু মাননীয় মন্ত্ৰী আৰু সদস্য সকলৰ মাজত বিতৰণ কৰা হৈছে।

চাহ বিবতিৰ কাৰণে ২০ মিনিট সময় সদন স্থগিত বখা হল।

(The House reassembled after short adjournment at 10.00 A. M.)

মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষ :- মই শ্ৰীজয়নাথ শৰ্মাই প্ৰস্তাৱ কৰা আৰু শ্ৰীদেৱ কুমাৰ বৰাই সমৰ্থন কৰা ৰাজ্যপালৰ ভাষণৰ ওপৰত জনাবলৈ বিচৰা ধন্যবাদ সূচক প্ৰস্তাৱটো পাইছো। মই এতিয়া শ্ৰীজয়নাথ শৰ্মাক প্ৰস্তাৱটো উত্থাপন কৰিবলৈ অনৱৰোধ জনাইছো।

শ্ৰীজয়নাথ শৰ্মা :- মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষ মহোদয়, ইয়াৰ দ্বাৰা মই অসম বিধান সভাৰ প্ৰক্ৰিয়া আৰু কাৰ্যপৰিচালনা নিয়মাৱলীৰ ১৪ নং নিয়ম অনৱসৰি আজি সদনত ব্যক্ত কৰা 'ৰাজ্যপালৰ ভাষণ'ৰ ওপৰত নিম্নোলিখিত 'ধন্যবাদ সূচক প্ৰস্তাৱটো' উত্থাপন কৰিছো।

"আজি ১৯৮৬ চনৰ জানুৱাৰী মাহৰ ১০ তাৰিখে সদনত মহামান্য ৰাজ্যপাল মহোদয়ে অনৱগ্ৰহ কৰি দিয়া ভাষণৰ কাৰণে এই অধিবেশনত মিলিত হোৱা অসম বিধান সভাৰ সদস্য সকল ৰাজ্যপালৰ ওচৰত কৃতজ্ঞ আৰু ধন্য"।

শ্ৰীদেৱ কুমাৰ বৰা :- মই শ্ৰীদেৱ কুমাৰ বৰাই ধন্যবাদ সূচক প্ৰস্তাৱটো সমৰ্থন কৰিলোঁ।

### ANNOUNCEMENT FROM THE CHAIR

মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষ :- প্ৰস্তাৱ উত্থাপন কৰাৰ উপৰিও ৰাজ্যপালৰ ভাষণৰ ওপৰত অনা ধন্যবাদ সূচক প্ৰস্তাৱৰ ওপৰত আলোচনা কৰাৰ কাৰণে দিন ধাৰ্য কৰিবৰ কাৰণে মই উপদেষ্টা সমিটিৰ বৈঠক কালিলৈ আবেলি আহবান কৰিছো। অসম বিধান সভাৰ প্ৰক্ৰিয়া আৰু কাৰ্যপৰিচালনা বিধিৰ নিয়মাৱলীৰ ৯(১) নং নিয়ম অনৱসৰি মই ইয়াৰ দ্বাৰা নিম্ন উল্লেখিত সদস্য সকলক চলিত বিধান সভাৰ অধিবেশনৰ কাৰণে সভাপতিত সকলৰ নামসূচীৰ বাবে মনোনীত কৰিলো— ১। শ্ৰীমথিয়াচ টাডুৱা ২। শ্ৰীচৰণ নাৰ্জাৰী ৩। শ্ৰীজয়নাথ শৰ্মা ৪। শ্ৰীপবিন চন্দ্ৰ ডেকা।

অসম বিধান সভাৰ প্ৰক্ৰিয়া আৰু কাৰ্যপৰিচালনাৰ নিয়মাৱলীৰ ২২৮ নং নিয়ম অনৱসৰি নিম্নোলিখিত সদস্য সকলক উপদেষ্টা সমিতিতৈ মনোনীত কৰিলো। ১। শ্ৰীপ্ৰদীপ গগৈ, সংসদী পৰিক্ৰমা বিভাগৰ ৰাজ্যিক মন্ত্ৰী, ২। শ্ৰীশৰত চন্দ্ৰ সিংহ ৩। শ্ৰীজয়নাথ শৰ্মা ৪। শ্ৰীআব্দুল মহিব মজদুদাৰ ৫। শ্ৰীদেৱ কুমাৰ বৰা ৬। শ্ৰীশান্তিবৰ্জেন দাস গড়গু।

অধ্যক্ষ উক্ত সমিতিৰ সভাপতি হব আৰু এই সমিতি আজি ১৯৮৬ চনৰ ১০ জানুৱাৰী তাৰিখৰ পৰা কাৰ্য চলাব।

Now item No. 3 A(1) Shri Bhrigu Kumar Phukan  
Minister to move

### LAYING OF ORDINANCES

Shri BHRIGU KUMAR PHUKAN (Minister):—Hon'ble Speaker, Sir, I beg to lay the Code of Criminal Procedure (Fourth Assam Amendment) Ordinance, 1985 (Assam Ordinance No. II of 1985) before the House.

Mr. SPEAKER:—Now Item 3 A(ii)—Shri Sahidul Alam Chaudhury, Minister to lay.

Shri SAHIDUL ALAM CHAUDHURY (Minister):— Mr. Speaker, Sir, I beg leave to lay the Gauhati Municipal Corporation (Amendment) Ordinance, 1985 (i.e. Assam Ordinance No. III of 1985), before the House.

Mr. SPEAKER:—Next Item No. 4—Shri Bhrigu Kumar Phukan to move.

শ্রীভগ্ন কুমাৰ ফুকন :- মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষ মহোদয়, ১৯৮৬ চনৰ 'অসম বাতিল কৰণ' বিলখন উত্থাপন কৰিবলৈ অন্তিম বিচাৰিছো।

শ্রীহেমেন দাস :- মোৰ এই সম্পৰ্কত কবলগীয়া আছে। মই বিলখনৰ বিৰোধিতা বা সমৰ্থন একো কৰিবলৈ যোৱা নাই। কথাটো হল যে বিলখনৰ একোটাকৈ কপি আমি পাব লাগিছিল, সেইটো আমি পোৱা নাই। বিলখনৰ কি আছে আমি একো নজনাকৈ কেনেকৈ সমৰ্থন বা বিৰোধিতা কৰিম? গতিকে এই বিলখন উত্থাপন কৰাটো স্থগিত ৰাখিব লাগে।

শ্রীজয়নাথ শৰ্মা :- অধ্যক্ষ মহোদয়, যিহেতুকে এই বিলখন উত্থাপন কৰাৰ কথা আহিছে, এজন মাননীয় সদস্যৰ বিলখন উত্থাপন কৰাৰ অধিকাৰ আছে। গতিকে বিলখন উত্থাপন কৰাত একো আপত্তি কৰিবলগীয়া নাই। সেই কাৰণে মই গৃহমন্ত্ৰী ডাঙৰীয়াক বিলখন উত্থাপন কৰিবলৈ অন্তিম্বোধ জনালো।

Mr. SPEAKER:—It is the pleasure of the House to grant leave to introduce the Aasam Repealing Bill, 1985?

(voice yes, yes)

The Bill is introduced.

Shri BINAI KHUNGUR BASUMATARI:—Sir, the Bill is not correctly introduced. It is not 1985. It is 1986.

Mr. SPEAKER:—Yes, it is the Assam Repealing Bill, 1986.

(voices—yes, yes, It was 1986 Bill, 1986 Bill from Treasury Bench side).

Shri BINAI KHUNGUR BASUMATARI :— I find the Ordinance is not included in the programme of the House. I fail to understand why the Supplementary Demand was not included in the programme.

Mr. SPEAKER:—The addendum has already been issued.

Shri HEMEN DAS :— Here the item Nos 4 & 5 relate to some Motions to be moved by the Parliamentary Affairs Minister.

Mr. SPEAKER :— Item No. 5 Shri Pradip Gogoi is to move.

Shri BINAI KHUNGUR BASUMATARI :— What about Supplementary Demand ?

Mr. SPEAKER :— It will come later.

1986] MOTION FOR ELECTION OF MEMBERS 19  
TO VARIOUS LEGISLATURE COMMITTEES

শ্রীপ্রদীপ গগৈ (মন্ত্রী) :— মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষ মহোদয়, এই সদনে অসম বিধান সভাৰ প্ৰক্ৰিয়া আৰু কাৰ্য পৰিচালনা নিয়মানুসৰি নিয়মাৱলীৰ ২৪২ নং নিয়মৰ উপবিধি অনুসৰি চৰকাৰী হিচাপ সমিতিতলৈ সমিতিৰ প্ৰথম গঠনৰ দিনৰ পৰা ৩০ মাহ অতিক্ৰম নকৰা কাৰ্যকালৰ বাবে কাৰ্য চলাবলৈ বিধান সভাৰ ৯ জন সদস্য নিৰ্বাচন কৰে।

Mr. SPEAKER :— The Motion is that this Assembly is to elect nine members of the Assembly in accordance with the provision of Rule 242 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in Assam Legislative Assembly to constitute the Committee on Public Accounts to function from the date of first formation for a term not exceeding thirty months.

(The Secretary will notify the date, time and place for holding the election, if necessary).

(Motion is passed)

Shri SANTIRANJAN DAS GUPTA :— The Secretary is required to notify this.

শ্রীপ্রদীপ গগৈ (মন্ত্রী) :— এই সদনে অসম বিধান সভাৰ প্ৰক্ৰিয়া আৰু কাৰ্য পৰিচালনা নিয়মানুসৰি নিয়মাৱলীৰ ২৪৪ নং নিয়মৰ উপবিধি অনুসৰি প্ৰাক্কলনৰ সমিতিতলৈ সমিতিৰ প্ৰথম গঠনৰ দিনৰ পৰা ৩০ মাহ অতিক্ৰম নকৰা কাৰ্যকালৰ বাবে কাৰ্য চলাবলৈ বিধান সভাৰ ১১ জন সদস্য নিৰ্বাচন কৰে।

Mr. SPEAKER :— The Motion is that this Assembly is to elect eleven Members of the Assembly in accordance with the provisions of Rule 244 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in Assam Legislative Assembly to constitute the Committee on Estimates which will function from the date of the first formation for a term not exceeding thirty months.

(The Secretary will notify the date, time and place for holding the election, if necessary).

(Motion is passed)

শ্রীপ্রদীপ গগৈ (মন্ত্রী) :— মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষ মহোদয়, এই সদনে অসম বিধান সভাৰ প্ৰক্ৰিয়া আৰু কাৰ্য পৰিচালনাৰ নিয়মানুসৰি নিয়মাৱলীৰ ২৬০ খ নং নিয়মৰ উপবিধি অনুসৰি বাজহুৱা উদ্যোগ সমূহৰ সমিতিতলৈ সমিতিৰ প্ৰথম গঠনৰ দিনৰ পৰা ৩০ মাহ অতিক্ৰম নকৰা কাৰ্যকালৰ বাবে কাৰ্য চলাবলৈ বিধান সভাৰ ৯ জন সদস্য নিৰ্বাচন কৰে।

## 20 MOTION FOR ELECTION OF MEMBERS [10th January TO VARIOUS LEGISLATURE COMMITTEES

Mr. SPEAKER :—The motion is that this Assembly is to elect nine members of the Assembly in accordance with the provision of Rule 260B of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in Assam Legislative Assembly to constitute the Committee on Public Undertakings which will function from the date of the first formation for a term not exceeding thirty months.

(The Secretary will notify the date, time and place for holding the election, if necessary).

(Motion is passed)

শ্রীপ্রদীপ গগৈ (মন্ত্রী) :— মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষ মহোদয়, এই সদনে অসম বিধান সভাৰ প্ৰক্ৰিয়া আৰু কাৰ্য পৰিচালনাৰ নিয়মানুসৰি নিয়মাৱলীৰ ২৬০(ঘ) নং নিয়মৰ উপবিধি অনুসৰি অনুদলচীত জাতি আৰু জনজাতি কল্যাণ সমিতিতৈ সমিতিৰ প্ৰথম গঠনৰ দিনৰ পৰা ৩০ মাহ অভিন্ন নকৰা কাৰ্যকালৰ বাবে কাৰ্য চলাবলৈ বিধান সভাৰ ১১ জন সদস্য নিৰ্বাচন কৰে।

Mr. SPEAKER :—The motion is that this Assembly do elect eleven Members of the Assembly in accordance with the provision of Rule 260D of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in Assam Legislative Assembly to constitute the Committee on the Welfare of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes to function from the date of first formation for a term not exceeding thirty months.

(The Secretary will notify the date, time and place for holding the election, if necessary).

(Motion is passed)

### RESOLUTION

শ্ৰীবাৰ্ণী প্ৰসাদ তেলেন্গা (মন্ত্রী) :— যিহেতু অসম ৰাজ্যত নিবনুৱা সমস্যা বৃদ্ধি পাই অহাৰ পৰি-প্ৰেক্ষিতত পূবৱৰ্তী বিধান সভাই ৰাজ্যৰ বিভিন্ন চৰকাৰী আৰু বেচৰকাৰী খণ্ডৰ উদ্যোগ আৰু প্ৰতিষ্ঠান সমূহত মাজে মাজে ৰাজ্যৰ জনসাধাৰণক নিয়ন্ত্ৰিত দিয়া বিষয়টো নিৰীক্ষণ কৰিবৰ কাৰণে আৰু বিভিন্ন চৰকাৰী আৰু বেচৰকাৰী উদ্যোগিক প্ৰতিষ্ঠানৰ লগত জনসাধাৰণৰ সম্পৰ্ক উন্নত কৰিবৰ বাবে সদনৰ এখন সমিতিৰ প্ৰয়োজনীয়তাৰ কথা এই সভাই অনুভৱ কৰে, সেয়ে এই সভাই এতিয়া প্ৰস্তাৱ কৰে যে, বিধান সভাৰ ন গৰাকী সদস্যলৈ নিয়ন্ত্ৰিত সমীক্ষা সমিতি নামৰ সদনৰ সমিতি এখন গঠন কৰা হওক।

এই সমিতিৰ কাৰ্যকাল অন্তিম বিধান সভাৰ সৈতে সমকাল প্ৰবৰ্তী থাকিব। আৰু সমিতিৰ সদস্য সকলক মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষই মনোনীত কৰিব। অধ্যক্ষই মনোনীত কৰা সদস্য সকলৰ পৰা এজনক সভাপতিৰূপে নিয়ন্ত্ৰিত দিব।

Shri SANTI RANJAN DAS GUPTA :—There is a point of order Sir, under Rule 300.

(Voices : It is already passed. There cannot be a point of order now).

Shri SANTI RANJAN DAS GUPTA :—I am not objecting to this resolution. My point is whether a Committee is to be nominated by the Speaker I would like to say that a new rule is to be created for this resolution.

Mr. SPEAKER :—The Speaker will nominate the members.

### PRESENTATION OF THE SUPPLEMENTARY DEMANDS FOR GRANTS FOR 1985-86.

Shri PRAFULLA KUMAR MAHANTA (Chief Minister) :—Sir, I beg to present the Supplementary Demands for Grants for 1985-86.

### OBITUARY REFERENCE

মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষ :— মৃত্যু প্রসঙ্গ।

শ্রীপ্রফুল্ল কুমার মহন্ত (মধ্য মন্ত্রী) :— মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষ মহোদয়ক মহি এটা কথা অনুরোধ কৰিব বিচাৰো যে বিগত বছৰটোত বিভিন্ন পৰিস্থিতিৰ সন্দৰ্ভত হৈ বহুজন শহীদ হ'ল। তেওঁ-লোকৰ আত্মাৰ সঙ্গতি কামনা কৰি এক মিনিট সময় সকলোকে ধিয় হবলৈ আৰু প্ৰাৰ্থনা কৰিবলৈ আহ্বান কৰিলোঁ।

মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষ :— মই প্ৰয়াত তিলক গগৈ, সন্ত হৰচান্দ সিং লজোৱাল আৰু চাৰ শিউসাগৰ বাম গোলামৰ বিয়োগত শোক প্ৰকাশ কৰিবৰ কাৰণে ঠিয় হৈছোঁ।

১৯২৩ চনৰ ১০ এপ্ৰিল তাৰিখে অসমৰ তেতিয়াৰ অবিভক্ত শিৱসাগৰ জিলাত স্বৰ্গীয় তিলক গগৈৰ জন্ম হৈছিল। তেখেত কলা বিভাগৰ স্নাতক আছিল।

তেখেতে ছাত্ৰ জীৱনৰ পৰাই স্বাধীন আদৰ্শৰ প্ৰতি আকৃষ্ট আছিল আৰু স্বাধীনতা আন্দোলনত উদ্যমেৰে অংশ গ্ৰহণ কৰিছিল, যাৰ কাৰণে তেখেতে প্ৰায় তিনি বছৰ কাল কাৰাবণ কৰিবলগীয়া হৈছিল। তেখেত এজন বিশিষ্ট সমাজ কৰ্মী আৰু এজন প্ৰবীণ কংগ্ৰেছী লোক আছিল। ১৯৬২ চনত তেখেত অসম বিধান সভালৈ নিৰ্বাচিত হৈছিল আৰু ১৯৬৭ চনত পদনৰ নিৰ্বাচিত হৈছিল। ১৯৭৭ চনত ৰাজ্য সভালৈও নিৰ্বাচিত হৈছিল আৰু ১৯৮৩ চনত পদনৰ অসম বিধান সভালৈ নিৰ্বাচিত হৈছিল আৰু বিয়োগৰ সময়লৈকে সমবায় মন্ত্ৰী হিচাপে কাৰ্য চলাইছিল।

স্বৰ্গীয় গগৈ ১৯৭৭ চনৰ পৰা ১৯৮০ চনলৈকে অসম প্ৰদেশ কংগ্ৰেছ (ই) সমিতিৰ সভাপতি আছিল আৰু বিভিন্ন সামাজিক আৰু ৰাজনৈতিক অন্তঃস্থানৰ লগত জড়িত আছিল।

এই বিশিষ্ট সমাজকৰ্মী আৰু প্ৰবীণ মৰ্ত্তি যদুজাৰু গৰাকীৰ ১৯৮৫ চনৰ ২২ জুলাই তাৰিখে লন্ডনত মৃত্যু বৰণ কৰিছিল।

প্ৰয়াত সন্ত হৰচান্দ সিং লস্কোৱাল ভাৰতবৰ্ষৰ এজন জনপ্ৰিয় ব্যক্তি। তেখেত আকালী দলৰ মদখীয়াল আছিল আৰু তেখেত পঞ্জাবৰ জনসাধাৰণৰ শান্তি আৰু উন্নতিৰ হকে কৰা কাৰ্য্যৰ কাৰণে প্ৰখ্যাত হৈ পৰিছিল। শান্তি প্ৰতিষ্ঠা আৰু পঞ্জাবৰ সমস্যা সমাধানৰ কাৰণে কৰা তেখেতৰ নিঃসন্দেহ সাহসৰ কাৰণে তেখেত প্ৰত্যেকৰ মনলৈ আহি থাকিব। জনসাধাৰণৰ কল্যাণৰ হকে আৰু সকলো সম্প্ৰদায়ৰ লোকৰ মাজত মধুৰ সম্পৰ্ক স্থাপনৰ হকে তেখেতৰ জীৱন উৎসৰ্গা কৰিছিল। এই বিশিষ্ট ধৰ্মীয় নেতাগৰাকীয়ে ৫৩ বছৰ বয়সত ১৯৮৫ চনৰ ২০ আগষ্ট তাৰিখে গদলীবিধৰ হৈ মৃত্যু বৰণ কৰিছিল।

চাৰ, শিউসাগৰ ৰামগোলাম এজন বিখ্যাত স্বদেশপ্ৰেমী আছিল আৰু তেখেতে মৰিদিয়াচৰ স্বাধীনতাৰ হকে ব্ৰতীজিছিল। তেখেত স্বাধীনতাৰ পিচত মৰিদিয়াচৰ প্ৰথম প্ৰধান মন্ত্ৰী আছিল। দীৰ্ঘকাল ধৰি তেখেত শ্ৰমিক দলৰ প্ৰধান আছিল আৰু ১৯৮২ চনৰ সাধাৰণ নিৰ্বাচনত পৰাজয় বৰণ কৰিছিল। চাৰ শিউসাগৰ ৰামগোলাম বহল দৃষ্টিভঙ্গীৰ লোক আছিল আৰু আফ্ৰিকাৰ জনসাধাৰণৰ অভাৱৰ কাৰণবোৰ ব্ৰতীজ পাইছিল। তেখেত অগে'নাইজ্‌চন অৱ আফ্ৰিকান ইনষ্টিটিউটৰ সভাপতি আছিল আৰু ১৯৭৩ চনত মানৱ অধিকাৰৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত বিশেষ কৃতকাৰ্য্যতাৰ বাবে তেখেতলৈ ৰাষ্ট্ৰসংঘৰ পদব্ৰূকাৰ আগবঢ়োৱা হৈছিল।

এই বিশিষ্ট ৰাজনীতিজ্ঞ ব্যক্তি গৰাকীক মৰিদিয়াচৰ ৰাজ্যপাল প্ৰধান হিচাপে কাৰ্য্য নিৰ্ব্বাহ কৰি থকা অৱস্থান ১৯৮৫ চনৰ ১৫ ডিচেম্বৰ তাৰিখে ৮৫ বছৰ বয়সত স্বৰ্গগামী হৈছিল।

মই মাননীয় সকলো সদস্যকে মৃতক সকলৰ আত্মাৰ প্ৰতি সন্মান প্ৰদৰ্শন কৰি ২ মিনিট সময় নিজৰ আসনত ঠিয় হবলৈ অনৱবোধ কৰিলোঁ।

সদন অহা ২০ জানুৱাৰী ১৯৮৬ চনৰ পূৱা ১০ বজালৈ স্থগিত ৰখা হল।

### ADJOURNMENT

The House then rose and stood adjourned till 10 A.M. on Monday the 20th January, 1986.

Dated Dispur :  
The 10th January, 1986.

Dr. P. N. HAZARIKA,  
Secretary,  
Assam Legislative Assembly.